

When the W.H.O. issues a "PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY OF INTERNATIONAL CONCERN"

<u>See No W.H.O. Pandemic Preparedness Treaty</u> <u>Without Senate Approval Act</u>

U.S. Federal laws regarding public health protections are not what we think they are.

The use of products authorized under FDA's Emergency Use Authorization (EUA), such as Covid-19 vaccines, masks, PCR test, etc., "shall not be considered to constitute a clinical investigation." EUA products are exempt from laws regulating the use of investigational, experimental drugs or devices on human beings. Federal Food Drug and Cosmetics Act,

<u>21 USC 360bbb- 3(k). 1997, 2004, 2005, 2013.</u>

<u>American Domestic Bioterrorism Program</u> by Katherine Watt, see pgs 9-10

Per the <u>Public Readiness and Emergency</u> <u>Preparedness Act</u> (PREP Act), for EUA products:

- The only standard for establishing the efficacy of an EUA product is a declaration by the HHS Secretary that a product "may be effective."
- 2. There are no required product safety standards.
- 3. There are **no informed consent duties** for those who administer or rights for those who receive the EUA products **to provide risk and benefit information and obtain consent**.
- 4. Government's promotions of EUA products are exempt from required public disclosure of potential side efforts or adverse events in their promotion of the EUA product, which IS required by law for the promotion of FDA-approved drugs. See "Adverse Events of Special Interest" by Pfizer on February 28, 2021.
- 5. Products have **no labeling requirements** regarding the contents or ingredients in the marketing of EUA products.
- There are no eligible consumer fraud claims because the only legal party to the financial transactions is the Department of Defense (DOD) as the buyer of the EUA product that pays Pfizer \$19.50 per dose. See Whistleblower court ruling.